

# AHEAD Africa





# The Glossary

**ACDEG** - African Charter on Democracy, Elections and Governance

**AfEONet** - African Election Observers Network

Approach for Democracy

AHEAD - Action for a Holistic Electoral

Approach for Democracy

AU - African Union

**BDP** - Botswana Democratic Party

**CODEO** - Coalition of Domestic Observers

**COMESA** - Common Market for Eastern and

Southern Africa

**CFO** - Country Forum

**CDD-Ghana** - Ghana Center for Democratic Development

CSO - Civil Society Organisation

**DRI** - Democracy Reporting International

**EAC** - East African Community

**EACSOF** - East African Civil Society

Organisation Forum

**EALA -** East African Legislative Assembly **E-HORN** - East and Horn of Africa Election

**Observers Network** 

**EISA** - Electoral Institute for Sustainable Democracy in Africa

**EMB** - Election Management Body

**EPD** - European Partnership for Democracy

**ESN-SA** - Electoral Support Network of

Southern Africa

**EVM** - Electronic Voting Machines

KZNCC - KwaZulu Natal Christian Council

**NANGOF** - Namibian NGO Forum Trust

ROEF - Réseau des Observateurs Électoraux

Nationaux Francophones

**SADC** - Southern African Development Communitu

SsUNDE - South Sudanese Network for

Democracy and Elections

**SWAPO** - South West Africa People's

Organisation

**WAEON** - West Africa Election Observers Network

**ZESN** - Zimbabwe Election Support Network

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## 1. About

# Why AHEAD Africa?

African civil society plays an important role in observing local elections and following up on electoral recommendations. However, their ability to do so has been hindered by numerous challenges, including the closure of civic space, restricted access to polling stations and data, and a lack of resources.

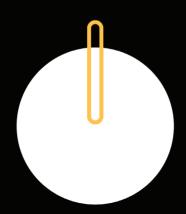


#### What is AHEAD Africa?

AHEAD Africa is an EU co-funded pan-African project focusing on multiple facets of the electoral cycle, aiming to:

Empower civil society across
Africa, including citizen
observers, in strengthening
electoral systems & processes

Contribute to higher levels of electoral integrity in African Union member states





## AHEAD approach

The project follows the AHEAD approach

– Action for a Holistic Electoral Approach
for Democracy – highlighting election
observation follow-up as a key driver for
inclusive electoral systems, public trust, and
conflict prevention. By prioritising 'electoral
follow-up,' civil society can better advocate
for democratic accountability and promote
more transparent elections.



# Our Partners Activists' network



# Democracy suppport networks





# Citizen observer networks



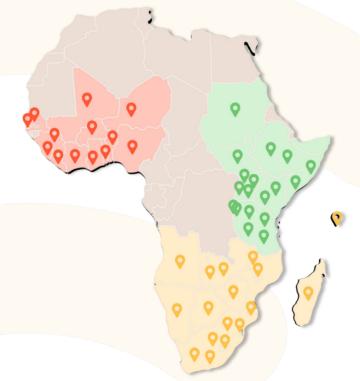






# 3. Governance

African domestic election observers are united across Africa under AfEONet, a continental network which gathers 3 regional networks:





members across West Africa

these networks strengthened their structures, operations, coordination, and member recruitment, expanding into not yet covered regions:

North and Central Africa.

AHEAD Africa is led by the **European Partnership for Democracy.** 

**Overall capacity** of WAEON

observers after the training

# 3. Learning

# South Africa Election Academy

From April 10-12, 2024, in Johannesburg, South Africa, 26 representatives from 23 ESN-SA member organisations across 12 countries attended the Election Academy. civil society organisations that participated in the Election Academy later joined ESN-SA learning and observation missions to **South Africa**, **Namibia**, and **Botswana** throughout 2024, where they also contributed to reports and recommendations.

Overall capacity of ESN-SA member organisations after the training

Overall capacity of ESN-SA member organisations ahead of the training

# Election Observer

#### West Africa

## **Election Academy**

From 28 to 30 August, in Accra, Ghana, 10 representatives from 9 WAEON member organisations, equally split between men and women, attended the Election Academy.

Young observers from WAEON member organisations who participated in the Election Academy were recruited for the first time ever to join an EOM for the Ghana 2024 elections.

Overall capacity of WAEON observers ahead of the training

# 4. 2024 elections

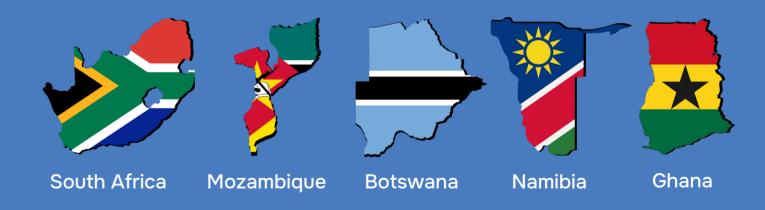


Supported organisations so far

**Recommendations** *shared* 

# Election observation & learning missions

deployed in 2024



# **South Africa**

May 2024



### Why South Africa?

South Africa's 2024 elections tested political shift, the Electoral Commission's capacity amid rising tensions, the introduction of diaspora voting and CSO-led observation, providing key insights into democracy in the Southern African Development Community.

#### About the mission

ESN-SA deployed 10 observers from 26 to 31 May across Gauteng, Kwa-Zulu Natal, and Western Cape, applying lessons from the Election Observation Academy. The mission engaged international observers and former Kenyan and Nigerian presidents on electoral reforms. E-HORN joined at the University of Pretoria's invitation.

KZNCC, an ESN-SA member, received a grant to monitor high-risk polling stations.



Scan for reports, findings, recommendations & pictures

on **South Africa**'s EOM

# Mozambique



### Why Mozambique?

Mozambique's 2024 elections were crucial due to the deteriorating democratic environment, the history of electoral violence and the shrinking of civic space and press freedom. Supporting local CSOs was key for ensuring monitoring, preventing disputes, and assessing electoral integrity.

#### About the mission

AHEAD Africa supported an organisation that set up a Women's Situation Room (WSR) during the elections, deploying 150 women and youth as special observers in 4 provinces. They reported violations, irregularities, and gender-related issues to experts, who relayed findings to authorities and the public. After reports of police vehicles hitting young women protesters, the organisation led women's marches and will track protest-related hospitalisations.



# **Botswana**

October 2024



#### Why Botswana?

Botswana's 2024 elections tested democratic resilience as a stronger opposition challenged the ruling BDP, making the outcome less predictable. Key factors included voter registration, transparency, and media freedom, shaping public trust.

#### About the mission

In response to an invitation from the Government of the Republic of Botswana, ESN-SA deployed a five-member team to observe the 2024 elections on 30 October, covering urban, peri-urban, and rural areas around Gaborone. Prior to the Election Day observation, the team met with various electoral stakeholders.



Scan for reports, findings, recommendations & pictures

on **Botswana**'s EOM



## Why Namibia?

Namibia's 2024 elections tested SWAPO's declining dominance and the transparency of EVMs without a paper trail, offering key lessons for electoral integrity in the SADC region.

#### About the mission

ESN-SA deployed a small delegation to observe Namibia's 2024 elections, aiming to assess compliance with national laws and international standards. The mission also aimed to identify local CSOs, but few polling stations had domestic observers, as many faced funding challenges. The Mission met with various stakeholders, including international observers, legal experts, media, and CSOs like NANGOF, ACG, the AU, and SADC.



Scan for reports, findings, recommendations & pictures

on **Namibia**'s EOM



## Why Ghana?

Ghana's 2024 elections were a key test for democratic governance in West Africa, with potential transitions and policy shifts. The country's history of peaceful, rules-based transitions emphasised its commitment to electoral integrity, making the elections crucial for regional stability.

#### About the mission

CODEO recruited 4,000 observers from all 16 regions, with 70% aged 18-35, to observe 3,401 polling stations with the Parallel Vote Tabulation (PVT). Penplusbytes deployed a Disinformation Detection Platform (DDP), identifying over 10,400 issues, of which 1,875 were flagged for review—799 confirmed true, 38 as disinformation, and 110 escalated to CODEO. E-HORN deployed observers from 6 EAC countries to share knowledge and best practices on election observation.





Scan for reports, findings, recommendations & pictures

on **Ghana**'s EOM

# 5. Advocacy

In August 2024, E-HORN hosted a **webinar** on **South Sudan**'s electoral readiness ahead of the 2024 December elections, echoing AHEAD Africa's call for postponement due to gaps in the legal framework, bylaws, and civic education.

The South Sudan CFO, initiated by E-HORN in collaboration with the South Sudanese Network for Democracy and Elections (SSuNDE), is a platform fostering civil society collaboration in South Sudan's electoral governance. It aims to provide technical support in election administration, consolidate election monitoring findings, advocate for timely electoral reforms, harmonise institutional resources, and engage the public on key electoral issues.

E-HORN's press conference on electoral preparedness for 2024 helped push a reconsideration of the **election dates**, leading to the official postponement **from 2024 to 2026.** 

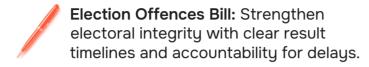


Scan to watch the webina

The Kenya Uchaguzi Platform, established in 2010, unites civil society organisations focused on governance, elections, transparency, and human rights, including Transparency International Kenya, Centre for Multiparty Democracy, ELOG, Federation of Women Lawyers, Mzalendo Trust, and the Electoral Law and Governance Institute for Africa. Led by ELOG, it now drives electoral reform within the AHEAD Africa project.

On 1 November 2024, the
Kenyan Parliament
Withdrew the Constitution
Amendment Bill No. 2 of
2024 extending term limits
of elected officials
from 5 to 7 years.

In 2024, the Kenyan CFO proposed amendments to several bills:



Political Parties Bill: Enhance clarity and independence of the Commission, and improve party record-keeping.

Elections Act Bill: Ensure authorised polling stations, preserve democratic safeguards, and remove the cap on the High Court for electoral disputes.

Constitution Amendment Bill: Oppose term extension and the Prime Minister's office, and call for judicial and parliamentary oversight on elections and security.

AfEONet and its regional networks
(ESN-SA, E-HORN and WAEON) joined the
Southern Africa Zambia Elections
Stakeholders Conference from 27 to 19
November 2024, to discuss election
observation and campaign finance. Hosted
by the Electoral Commission of Zambia, the
event convened 150+ stakeholders to tackle
electoral integrity challenges for 2026.

AfEONet and ACFIM highlighted the role of domestic observers and campaign finance reforms, paving the way for future collaborations, around the upcoming second edition of the Electoral Integrity Summit (see section 5 and 6).



E-HORN and AfEONet participated in the **2024 East Africa Civil Society Summit (EACSOF)**, which gathered 195 participants from six EAC member states to strengthen the social contract between Heads of State and citizens while showcasing regional achievements.

The AHEAD Africa project was introduced to the EAC Secretariat and the civil society movement in the EAC region. E-HORN and AfEONet hosted a panel discussion to deliberate on the journey made so far in the realisation of democracy in the EAC region and a break away session on the state of democracy in the region as of early 2024.



E-HORN and AfEONet made 9
recommendations in the 2024 EACSOF
report, including a call to restore the
Annual Secretary General's Forum, leading
to its revival.

E-HORN is strengthening its **engagement** with the EAC and EALA, considering future collaboration on electoral issues.



Scan to read the final report

On July 20, 2024, AHEAD Africa, WAEON, CDD-Ghana, and the European Partnership for Democracy co-hosted an event at the

# AU-ECOSOCC 20th anniversary to launch the Continental AHEAD Africa project,

focused on advancing electoral integrity in Africa through citizen engagement. Amid the 19 elections scheduled for 2024, the event emphasised the role of civil society and citizen observers in strengthening electoral systems. Key discussions included:

- Ghana's 2024
   elections, and the
   importance of resilient
   institutions.
- The EU's announcement of an Election Expert Mission in the country.
- Tech innovations and youth engagement for shaping more inclusive and transparent elections in Africa.

The first Continental Electoral
Integrity Summit, held in Kampala from
10-12 September 2024, brought together
stakeholders from EMBs, civil society, political
parties, media, and academia to address
challenges undermining electoral integrity
in Africa.

Co-hosted by AfEONet and ACFIM, the Summit, aligned with International Democracy Day week, focused on enhancing electoral transparency, public oversight, and collaborative reforms. Discussions covered political financing, state capture, and the role of technology and AI in election observation, with highlights such as the introduction of the 'Marble app' for real-time monitoring. The summit emphasised the importance of continuous efforts beyond election day to address integrity gaps.

A report with 21 recommendations on electoral integrity reforms.

A citizen observer network from North and West Francophone Africa **applied to join AfEONET** in October 2024 after participating in the Summit.

Scan to read the
21 recommendations
on the Electoral Integrity
Africa Summit I



# 6. What's coming next?



A glimpse of our **2025** activities. **Connect with us** via our website, social media, and newsletter for more details.

Learning

#### Experiential learning seminar

24-25 March 2025

Nairobi, Kenya

A continental community of electoral practitioners fostering peer learning, strategy development, and sustainable advocacy to strengthen African citizen election observation networks.

#### South Africa **Election Academy**

24-25 April 2025

Johannesburg, South Africa

The region's 2nd academy will review 2024 elections, tackle challenges, and solutions to electoral integrity preparing for 2025 polls in 12 African countries, including Malawi, Seuchelles, and Tanzania.

#### **Massive Online** Open Course

2025

Online

Expand an existing online training platform on the ACDEG, AU, peace and security mechanisms, civic space, with new modules on elections and electoral cycles.

#### 2025 elections

While 2024 saw many elections across Africa, activity in 2025 is not falling behind. AHEAD Africa, in collaboration with regional networks (ESN-SA, WAEON, and E-HORN), will support local actors in election observation and follow-up in: Tanzania, Côte d'Ivoire, Malawi and Uganda.

Focusing on pre- and post-electoral periods, the project will also support follow-up in countries that held elections in 2024, along with new support on voter education, civic engagement, and monitoring in South Africa, Madagascar, Namibia, and South Sudan.

#### Advocacy

**Second Electoral Integrity Summit** 

September 2025 Zambia

#### Research

# Recommendations Country briefs on An online Follow Up civic space for one-stop sho assessment study election observers on elections assessment study

Between 2012 and 2023, the African Union deployed 166 Election Observation Missions. yet electoral quality remains uneven. This study analyses **AUEOM recommendation** follow-up, highlighting key structural reforms to shape AHEAD's advocacy.

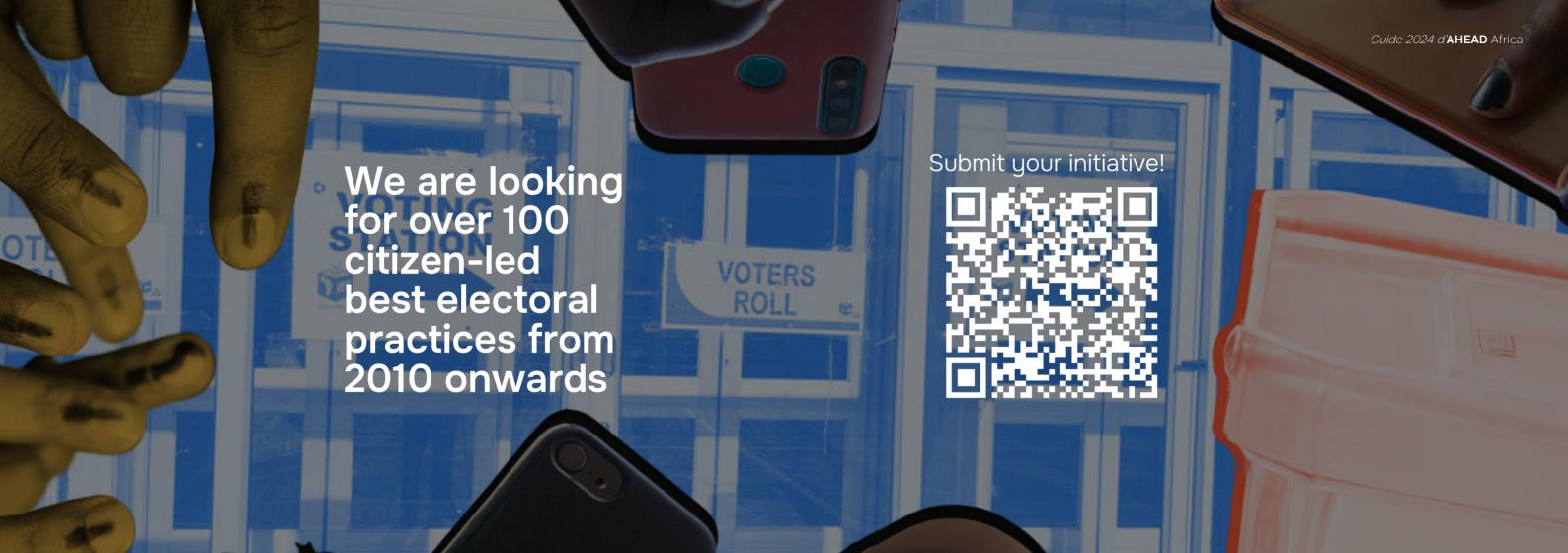
AfEONET analyses civic space for election observers in 18 countries, assessing regulations, constraints, safety, data access, funding, and perceptions. Annual findings will aid advocacy for their recognition and rights.

# one-stop shop

A platform with interactive information and data on elections across the continent: legal frameworks, key actors, upcoming elections, data on EOM recommendations. implementation rates and more.

# Stay ahead with AHEAD Africa





#### www.ahead.africa

This booklet was co-funded by the European Union. Its contents are the sole responsibility of the European Partnership for Democracy and do not necessarily reflect the views of the European Union.



